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That which is indefinite, though it hath bounds, as not being infinite, yet those bounds to us are *undefinable*. *Grew*.
Why simple ideas are *undefinable* is, that the several terms of a definition, signifying several ideas, they can all, by no means, represent an idea, which has no composition at all. *Locke*.
UNDEFORMED. *adj.* Not deformed; not disfigured.
The sight of so many gallant fellows, with all the pomp and glare of war, yet *undeforn'd* by battles, may possibly invite your curiosity. *Pope*.
UNDEFIED. *adj.* Not set at defiance; not challenged.
False traitor, thou broken haft
The law of arms, to strike thee *undefied*;
But thou thy treason's fruit, I hope, shalt taste
Right four, and feel the law, the which thou hast defac'd. *Pope*.
Tarifa
Changed a blunt cane for a steel-pointed dart,
And meeting Ozmyr next,
Who wanting time for treason to provide,
He basely threw it at him, *undefied*. *Dryden*.
UNDELIBERATED. *adj.* Not carefully considered.
The prince's *undeliberated* throwing himself into that engagement, transported him with passion. *Clarendon*.
UNDELIGHTED. *adj.* Not pleased; not touched with pleasure.
The fiend
Saw *undelighted* all delight; all kind
Of living creatures, new to fight. *Milton's Par. Lost*.
UNDELIGHTFUL. *adj.* Not giving pleasure.
He could not think of involving himself in the same *undelightful* condition of life. *Clarendon*.
UNDEMO'ISHED. *adj.* Not razed; not thrown down.
She *undemo'ish'd* flood, and ev'n till now
Perhaps had flood. *Philips*.
They flood by, and suffered Dunkirk to lie *undemo'ish'd*. *Swift*.
UNDEMONSTRABLE. *adj.* Not capable of fuller evidence.
Out of the precepts of the law of nature, as of certain, common, and *undemonstrable* principles, man's reason doth necessarily proceed unto certain more particular determinations: which particular determinations being found out according unto the reason of man, they have the names of human laws. *Hooker*.
UNDEMI'ABLE. *adj.* Such as cannot be gainfaid.
That age which my grey hairs make seem more than it is, hath not diminished in me the power to protect an *undeniable* verity. *Sidney*.
Of those of the second class, we have a plain and *undeniable* certainty. *Woodward's Natural History*.
UNDENI'ABLY. *adv.* So plainly, as to admit no contradiction.
This account was differently related by the ancients; that is, *undeniably* rejected by the moderns. *Brown's Vulg. Errours*.
I grant that nature all poets ought to study: but then this also *undeniably* follows, that those things which delight all ages, must have been an imitation of nature. *Dryden*.
UNDEP'LORED. *adj.* Not lamented.
Rife, wretched widow! rife; nor *undep'lor'd*
Permit my ghost to pass the Stygian ford;
But rife prepar'd to mourn thy peris'd lord. *Dryden*.
UNDEPR'VED. *adj.* Not corrupted.
Knowledge dwelt in our *undep'praved* natures, as light in the sun; it is now hidden in us like sparks in a flint. *Glanville*.
UNDEPR'VED. *adj.* Not divested by authority; not stripped of any possession.
He, *undep'pr'd*, his benefice forsook. *Dryden*.
UNDEPR'VE. *prop.* *undep'pr'd*; unbec, Saxon; *under*, Dutch.
1. In a state of subjection to.
When good Saturn, banish'd from above,
Was driven to hell, the world was *under* Jove. *Dryden*.
Every man is put under a necessity, by his constitution, as an intelligent being, to be determined by his own judgment, what is best for him to do; else he would be *under* the determination of some other than himself, which is want of liberty. *Locke*.
2. In the state of pupillage to.
To those that live
Under thy care, good rules and patterns give. *Denham*.
The princes respected Helim, and made such improvements *under* him, that they were instructed in learning. *Guardian*.
3. Beneath; so as to be covered, or hidden.
Fruit put in bottles, and the bottles let down into wells *under* water, will keep long. *Bacon's Nat. Hist.*
If it flood always under this form, it would have been *under* fire, if it had not been *under* water. *Burnet*.
Thy bees lodge *under* covert of the wind. *Dryden*.
Many a good poetick vein is buried *under* a trade, and never produces any thing for want of improvement. *Locke*.

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4. Below in place; not above. This is the sense of *under* *fail*, that is, *having the sails spread aloft*.
As they went *under* *fail* by him, they held up their hands and made their prayers. *Sidney*.
By that fire that burn'd the Carthage queen,
When the false Trojan *under* *fail* was seen. *Shakespeare*.
Mistake hath been found to put forth *under* the boughs, and not only above the boughs; so it cannot be any thing that falleth upon the bough. *Bacon's Nat. Hist.*
Be gather'd now, ye waters, *under* heav'n. *Milton*.
5. In a less degree than.
Medicines take effect sometimes *under*, and sometimes above, the natural proportion of their virtue. *Hooker*.
If you write in your strength, you stand revealed at first; and should you write *under* it, you cannot avoid some peculiar graces. *Dryden's Dedication to Juvenal*.
6. For less than.
We are thrifty enough not to part with any thing serviceable to our bodies, *under* a good consideration; but make little account of what is most beneficial to our souls. *Ray*.
7. Less than; below.
Man, once fallen, was nothing but a total pollution, and not to be reformed by any thing *under* a new creation. *South*.
These men of forehead love to insure a cheat, and seldom talk *under* certainty and demonstration. *Collier on Confession*.
There are several hundred parishes in England *under* twenty pounds a year, and many *under* ten. *Swift*.
8. By the show of.
That which spites me more than all the wants,
He does it *under* name of perfect love. *Shakespeare*.
'Tis hard to bind any syllogism so close upon the mind, as not to be eaved *under* some plausible distinction. *Baker*.
9. With less than.
Several young men could never leave the pulpit *under* half a dozen conceits. *Swift*.
10. In the state of inferiority to; noting rank or order of precedence.
It was too great an honour for any man *under* a duke. *Addison's Spectator*, No. 122.
11. In a state of being loaded with.
He shall but bear them, as the ass bears gold,
To groan and sweat *under* the business. *Shakespeare*.
He holds the people
Of no more foul, nor fitness for the world,
Than camels in their war; who have their provender
Only for bearing burthens, and fore blows
For sinking *under* them. *Shakespeare, Coriolanus*.
12. In a state of oppression by, or subjection to.
After all, they have not been able to give any considerable comfort to the mind, *under* any of the great pressures of this life. *Fillist's Sermon*.
At any rate we desire to be rid of the present evil, which we are apt to think nothing absent can equal; because, *under* the present pain, we find not ourselves capable of any, the least degree of happiness. *Locke*.
Women and children did not shew the least signs of complaint, *under* the extremity of torture. *Collier*.
Illustrious parent! now some token give,
That I may Clymene's proud boast believe,
Nor longer *under* false reproaches grieve. *Addison*.
13. In a state in which one is seized or overborn.
The prince and prince's must be *under* no less amazement. *Pope's Letters*.
14. In a state of being liable to, or limited by.
That which we move for our better instruction's sake, turneth unto choler in them; they answer summingly. Yet in this their mood, they cast forth somewhat, wherewith, *under* pain of greater displeasure, we must rest contented. *Hooker*.
The greater part of mankind is flow of apprehension; and therefore, in many cases, *under* a necessity of seeing with other men's eyes. *South's Sermon*.
A generation sprung up amongst us, that flattered princes that they have a divine right to absolute power, let the laws and conditions *under* which they enter upon their authority, be what they will. *Locke*.
It is not strange to find a country half unpeopled, where so great a proportion of both sexes is tied *under* such vows of chastity. *Addison's Remarks on Italy*.
Things of another world are *under* the disadvantage of being distant, and therefore operate but faintly. *Atterbury*.
15. In a state of dejection, or dejection by.
There is none but he,
Whose being I do fear; and, *under* him,
My genius is rebuk'd, as Antony's was by Caesar. *Shakespeare*.
16. In the state of bearing, or being known by.
This faction, *under* the name of Puritan, became very turbulent, during the reign of Elizabeth. *Swift*.
The raising of silver coin, has been only by coining it with less silver in it, *under* the same denomination. *Locke*.
17. In the state of.

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If they can succeed without blood, as *under* the present disposition of things, it is very possible they may, it is to be hoped they will be satisfied. *Swift*.
18. Not having reached or arrived to; noting time.
Three fous he dying left *under* age;
By means whereof, their uncle Vortigern
Usur'd the throne during their pupillage. *Fairy Queen*.
19. Represented by.
Morpheus is represented by the ancient statues *under* the figure of a boy asleep, with a bundle of poppy in his hand. *Addison*.
20. In a state of protection.
Under favour, there are other materials for a commonwealth, besides stark love and kindness. *Collier*.
21. With respect to.
Mr. Duke may be mentioned *under* the double capacity of a poet and a divine. *Felton on the Classics*.
22. Attested by.
Cato major, who had with great reputation borne all the great offices of the commonwealth, has left us an evidence, *under* his own hand, how much he was versed in country affairs. *Locke on Education*.
23. Subjected to; being the subject of.
To describe the revolutions of nature, will require a steady eye; especially to connect the parts, and present them all *under* one view. *Burnet's Theory of the Earth*.
Memory is the storehouse of our ideas. For the narrow mind of man, not being capable of having many ideas *under* view at once, it was necessary to have a repository to lay them up. *Locke*.
The thing *under* proof is not capable of demonstration, and must be submitted to the trial of probabilities. *Lectre*.
Distinct conceptions, that answer their verbal distinctions, serve to clear any thing in the subject *under* consideration. *Locke*.
I rather suspect my own judgment, than believe a fault to be in that poem, which lay so long *under* Virgil's correction, and had his last hand put to it. *Addison*.
24. In the next stage of subordination.
This is the only safe guard, *under* the spirit of God, that dictated these sacred writings, that can be relied on. *Locke*.
25. In a state of relation that claims protection.
UNDER. *adv.*
1. In a state of subjection.
Ye purpose to keep *under* the children of Judah for bondmen and bond-women. *2 Chron. xxviii. 10*.
2. Less: opposed to over or more.
He kept the main flock without alteration, *under* or *Addison's Spectator*, No. 264.
3. It has a signification resembling that of an adjective; inferior; subject; subordinate. But, perhaps, in this sense it should be considered as united to the following word.
I will fight
Against my canker'd country with the spleen
Of all the *under* fiends. *Shakespeare, Coriolanus*.
4. It is much used in composition, in several senses, which the following examples will explain.
UNDERA'CTION. *n. f.* Subordinate action; action not essential to the main story.
The least episodes, or *underactions*, interwoven in it, are parts necessary, or convenient to carry on the main design. *Dryden*.
TO UNDERA'R. *v. a.* [*under* and *bear*.]
1. To support; to endure.
What reverence he did throw away on slaves?
Wooing poor craftsmen with the craft of smiles,
And patient *underbearing* of his fortune. *Shakespeare*.
2. To line; to guard. Out of use.
The dutchels of Milan's gown; not like your cloth of gold, set with pearls, down-sleeves, side-sleeves, and skirts round, *underborne* by a bluish tinsel. *Shakespeare, Much Ado about Nothing*.
UNDERBEA'RER. *n. f.* [*under* and *bearer*.] In funerals, those that sustain the weight of the body, distant from those who are bearers of ceremony, and only hold up the pall.
TO UNDERB'D. *v. a.* [*under* and *bid*.] To offer for any thing less than it is worth.
UNDERCLE'RK. *n. f.* [*under* and *clerk*.] A clerk subordinate to the principal clerk.
Colceby, one of his *under-swearers*, was tried for robbing the treasury, where he was an *underclerk*. *Swift*.
TO UNDERD'. *v. n.* [*under* and *do*.]
1. To act below one's abilities.
You overact, when you should *underdo*;
A little call yourself again, and think. *B. Johnson*.
2. To do less than is requisite.
Nature much oftener overdoes than *underdoes*: You shall find twenty eggs with two yolks, for one that hath none. *Grew*.
UNDERFA'CTION. *n. f.* [*under* and *faction*.] Subordinate faction; subdivision of a faction.
Christianity loses by contests of *underfactions*. *Decay of Piety*.
UNDERF'LOW. *n. f.* [*under* and *flow*.] A mean man; a sorry wretch.

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They carried him to a house of a principal officer, who with no more civility, though with much more business than those *underfellows* had shewed, in captious manner put interrogatories unto him. *Sidney*.
UNDERF'LLING. *n. f.* [*under* and *fill*.] Lower part of an edifice.
To found our habitation firmly, first examine the bed of earth upon which we will build, and then the *underfillings*, or substruction, as the antients called it. *Wotton's Architecture*.
TO UNDERF'NG. *v. a.* [*under* and *fangan*, Saxon.] To take in hand.
Thou, Menalcas, that by thy treachery
Didst *underfong* my lady to wexe so light,
Shouldst well be known for such thy villainy. *Spenser*.
TO UNDERF'URNISH. *v. a.* [*under* and *furnish*.] To supply with less than enough.
Can we suppose God would *underfurnish* man for the state he designed him, and not afford him a soul large enough to pursue his happiness? *Collier on Kindness*.
TO UNDERG'D. *v. a.* [*under* and *gird*.] To bind below; to round the bottom.
When they had taken it up, they used helps, *undergirding* the ship. *Acts xxvii. 17*.
TO UNDERGO. *v. a.* [*under* and *go*.]
1. To suffer; to sustain; to endure evil.
With mind averse, he rather *underwent*
His people's will, than gave his own consent. *Dryden*.
2. To support; to hazard. Not in use.
I have mov'd certain Romans,
To *undergo* with me, an enterprize
Of honourable, dangerous consequence. *Shakespeare*.
Such they were, who might presume to have done
Much for the king, and honour of the state,
Having the chiefest actions *undergone*. *Daniel's Civil War*.
3. To sustain; to be the bearer of; to possess. Not in use.
Their virtues else, he they as pure as grace;
As infinite as man may *undergo*;
Shall, in the general censure, take corruption
From that particular fault. *Shakespeare's Hamlet*.
4. To sustain; to endure without fainting.
It rais'd in me
An *undergoing* stomach, to bear up
Against what should ensue. *Shakespeare, Tempest*.
5. To pass through.
I carried on my enquiries to try whether this rising world, when finish'd, would continue always the same; or what changes it would successively *undergo*, by the continued action of the same causes. *Burnet's Theory of the Earth*.
Bread put into the stomach of a dying man, will *undergo* the alteration that is merely the effect of heat. *Arbutnot*.
6. To be subject to.
Claudio *undergoes* my challenge, and either I must shortly hear from him, or I will subscribe him a coward. *Shakespeare, UNDERGRO'UND*. *n. f.* [*under* and *ground*.] Subterraneous space.
They have promised to shew your highness
A spirit rais'd from depth of *underground*. *Shakespeare*.
Wash'd by streams
From *underground*, the liquid ore he drains
Into fit molds prepared. *Milton's Par. Lost*.
UNDERGROWTH. *n. f.* [*under* and *growth*.] That which grows under the tall wood.
So thick entwinn'd,
As one continued brake, the *undergrowth*
Of shrubs, and tangling bushes, had perplex'd
All path of man, or beast, that pass'd that way. *Milton*.
UNDERHAND. *adv.* [*under* and *hand*.]
1. By means not apparent; secretly.
These multiplied petitions of worldly things in prayer, have, besides their direct use, a service, whereby the church *underhand*, through a kind of heavenly fraud, taketh therewith the souls of men, as with certain baits. *Hooker*.
2. Clandestinely; with fraudulent secrecy.
She *underhand* dealt with the principal men of that country, that they should persuade the king to make Plangus his associate. *Sidney*.
They, by their precedents of wit,
T' out-fast, out-loiter, and out-fit,
Can order matters *underhand*,
To put all business to a stand. *Hudibras*.
It looks, as if I had desired him *underhand* to write so ill against me; but I have not brib'd him to do me this service. *Dryden*.
Such mean revenges, committed *underhand*,
Has ruin'd many an acre of good land. *Dryden*.
Wood is still working *underhand* to force his halfpence upon us. *Swift*.
I'll hasten to my Roman soldiers,
Inflame the mutiny, and *underhand*
Blow up their discontent. *Addison's Cato*.
UNDER.